



K-OBIOL EC 25

Version 7 / GB
102000002608

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Revision Date: 31.07.2017
Print Date: 07.08.2017

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name K-OBIOL EC 25
Product code (UVP) 05939488

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use Insecticide

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Bayer Environmental Science
230 Cambridge Science Park
Milton Road
Cambridge
Cambridgeshire CB4 0WB
United Kingdom

Telephone 00800-1214 9451

Telefax +44(0)1223 426240

Responsible Department Email: ukinfo@bayercropscience.com

1.4 Emergency telephone no.

Emergency telephone no. 0800-220876 (UK 24 hr)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Flammable liquids: Category 3

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

Acute toxicity: Category 4

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

Aspiration hazard: Category 1

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Serious eye damage: Category 1

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Acute toxicity: Category 4

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 3

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure: Category 3

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Acute aquatic toxicity: Category 1

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.



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Chronic aquatic toxicity: Category 1
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

Hazard label for supply/use required.

Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

- Deltamethrin
- Piperonyl butoxide
- Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic



Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
EUH401	To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

Precautionary statements

P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308 + P311	IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor/ physician.
P501	Dispose of contents/container to a licensed waste disposal contractor or collection site, except for triple rinsed empty containers which can be disposed of as non-hazardous waste.

2.3 Other hazards

Cutaneous sensations may occur, such as burning or stinging on the face and mucosae. However, these sensations cause no lesions and are of a transitory nature (max. 24 hours).

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures

Chemical nature

Emulsifiable concentrate (EC)
Deltamethrin/Piperonyl butoxide 25:225 g/l

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Hazard statements according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Name	CAS-No. / EC-No. / REACH Reg. No.	Classification	Conc. [%]
		REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008	
Deltamethrin	52918-63-5 258-256-6	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H331	2.70
Piperonyl butoxide	51-03-6 200-076-7 01-2119537431-46-xxxx	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	23.90
Tetrapropylene benzene sulfonate, calcium salt	11117-11-6 234-360-7	Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	> 1.00 – < 25.00
2-Methylpropan-1-ol	78-83-1 201-148-0	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H336	> 1.00 – < 5.00
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6 265-199-0 01-2119486773-24-xxxx	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT SE 3, H335 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	> 25.00

Further information

Deltamethrin	52918-63-5	M-Factor: 1,000,000 (acute), 1,000,000 (chronic)
Piperonyl butoxide	51-03-6	M-Factor: 1 (acute)

For the full text of the H-Statements mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**4.1 Description of first aid measures****General advice**

Move out of dangerous area. Place and transport victim in stable position (lying sideways). Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Skin contact

Immediately wash with plenty of soap and water for at least 15 minutes. Warm water may increase the subjective severity of the irritation/paresthesia. This is not a sign of systemic poisoning. In case of skin irritation, application of oils or lotions containing vitamin E may be considered. If symptoms persist, call a physician.



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Eye contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Warm water may increase the subjective severity of the irritation/paresthesia. This is not a sign of systemic poisoning. Apply soothing eye drops, if needed anaesthetic eye drops. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Ingestion

Rinse out mouth and give water in small sips to drink. Do NOT induce vomiting. Do not leave victim unattended. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms

Local:, Skin and eye paraesthesia which may be severe, Usually transient with resolution within 24 hours, Skin, eye and mucous membrane irritation, Cough, Sneezing

Systemic:, discomfort in the chest, Tachycardia, Hypotension, Nausea, Abdominal pain, Diarrhoea, Vomiting, Blurred vision, Headache, Anorexia, Somnolence, Coma, Convulsions, Tremors, Prostration, Airway hyperreaction, Pulmonary oedema, Palpitation, Muscular fasciculation, Apathy, Dizziness

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Risks

This product contains a pyrethroid. Pyrethroid poisoning should not be confused with carbamate or organophosphate poisoning.

Treatment

Systemic treatment: Initial treatment: symptomatic. Monitor: respiratory and cardiac functions. In case of ingestion gastric lavage should be considered in cases of significant ingestions only within the first 2 hours. However, the application of activated charcoal and sodium sulphate is always advisable. Keep respiratory tract clear. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. In case of convulsions, a benzodiazepine (e.g. diazepam) should be given according to standard regimens. If not effective, phenobarbital may be used. Contraindication: atropine. Contraindication: derivatives of adrenaline. There is no specific antidote. Recovery is spontaneous and without sequelae.

In case of skin irritation, application of oils or lotions containing vitamin E may be considered.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable

High volume water jet



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5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture	Dangerous gases are evolved in the event of a fire.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective equipment for firefighters	In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Further information	Contain the spread of the fire-fighting media. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Precautions Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Remove all sources of ignition. Use personal protective equipment.

6.2 Environmental precautions Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water. If spillage enters drains leading to sewage works inform local water company immediately. If spillage enters rivers or watercourses, inform the Environment Agency (emergency telephone number 0800 807060).

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Collect and transfer the product into a properly labelled and tightly closed container. Clean contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing environmental regulations.

Additional advice Check also for any local site procedures.

6.4 Reference to other sections Information regarding safe handling, see section 7.
Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8.
Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling No specific precautions required when handling unopened packs/containers; follow relevant manual handling advice. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Vapours may form explosive mixture with air. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge.

Hygiene measures Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep working clothes separately. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Remove soiled clothing immediately and clean thoroughly before using again. Garments that cannot be cleaned must be destroyed (burnt).

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Requirements for storage areas and containers Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only. Store in original container. Keep away from direct sunlight. Protect from freezing.

Advice on common storage Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Suitable materials Coex EVOH (1000L IBC)

7.3 Specific end use(s) Refer to the label and/or leaflet.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**8.1 Control parameters**

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Update	Basis
Deltamethrin	52918-63-5	0.02 mg/m ³ (TWA)		OES BCS*
Piperonyl butoxide	51-03-6	50 ppm (TWA)		OES BCS*
2-Methylpropan-1-ol	78-83-1	231 mg/m ³ /75 ppm (STEL)	12 2011	EH40 WEL
2-Methylpropan-1-ol	78-83-1	154 mg/m ³ /50 ppm (TWA)	12 2011	EH40 WEL
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	116 mg/m ³ /20 ppm (TWA)	2014	EU SCOELS
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic	64742-95-6	290 mg/m ³ /50 ppm (STEL)	2014	EU SCOELS

*OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure Standard"

8.2 Exposure controls

Refer to COSHH assessment (Control of Substances Hazardous to Health (Amendment) Regulations 2004). Engineering controls should be used in preference to personal protective equipment wherever practicable. Refer also to COSHH Essentials.

Personal protective equipment

In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the following recommendations would apply.

Respiratory protection

Wear respirator with an organic vapours and gas filter mask (protection factor 10) conforming to EN140 type A or equivalent. Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.

Hand protection

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

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Wash gloves when contaminated. Dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination on the outside cannot be removed. Wash hands frequently and always before eating, drinking, smoking or using the toilet.

Material	Nitrile rubber
Rate of permeability	> 480 min
Glove thickness	> 0.4 mm
Protective index	Class 6
Directive	Protective gloves complying with EN 374.

Eye protection

Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent) and faceshield (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 3 or equivalent).

Skin and body protection

Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 6 suit.
If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective type suit.
Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and should be professionally laundered frequently.
If chemical protection suit is splashed, sprayed or significantly contaminated, decontaminate as far as possible, then carefully remove and dispose of as advised by manufacturer.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

Form	Liquid, clear
Colour	yellow
pH	4.5 - 7.0 at 1 % (23 °C) (deionized water)
Flash point	44 °C
Density	ca. 0.94 g/cm ³ at 20 °C
Water solubility	miscible
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	Deltamethrin: log Pow: 6.4 at 25 °C Piperonyl butoxide: log Pow: 4.75 Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic: Not applicable
Surface tension	ca. 27.7 mN/m at 40 °C

9.2 Other information Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

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Exposure time: 4 h
Irritating to respiratory system.**Acute dermal toxicity** LD50 (Rat) > 2,000 mg/kg**Skin irritation** No skin irritation (Rabbit)**Eye irritation** Severe eye irritation. (Rabbit)**Sensitisation** Non-sensitizing. (Mouse)
OECD Test Guideline 429, local lymph node assay (LLNA)**Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure**

Deltamethrin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Piperonyl butoxide: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic: May cause respiratory irritation., Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure

Deltamethrin caused neurobehavioral effects and/or neuropathological changes in animal studies. The toxic effects of Deltamethrin are related to transient hyperactivity typical for pyrethroid neurotoxicity.

Piperonyl butoxide did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Assessment mutagenicity

Deltamethrin was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Piperonyl butoxide was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic is not considered mutagenic.

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Deltamethrin was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.
Piperonyl butoxide was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Deltamethrin did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.
Piperonyl butoxide did not cause reproductive toxicity in a two-generation study in rats.
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Assessment developmental toxicity

Deltamethrin caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Deltamethrin are related to maternal toxicity.
Piperonyl butoxide did not cause developmental toxicity in rats and rabbits.
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic: This information is not available.

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Further information

Cutaneous sensations may occur, such as burning or stinging on the face and mucosae. However, these sensations cause no lesions and are of a transitory nature (max. 24 hours).
Irritating to respiratory system.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**12.1 Toxicity**

Toxicity to fish	LC50 (Danio rerio (Zebra fish)) 0.06 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 0.0075 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to aquatic plants	EC50 (Algae) > 9.1 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient deltamethrin.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability	Deltamethrin: Not rapidly biodegradable Piperonyl butoxide: Not rapidly biodegradable Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic: rapidly biodegradable
Koc	Deltamethrin: Koc: 10240000 Piperonyl butoxide: Koc: 399 - 830

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation	Deltamethrin: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 1,400
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Does not bioaccumulate.
Piperonyl butoxide:
Potential bioaccumulation
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic:
No data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil

Deltamethrin: Immobile in soil
Piperonyl butoxide: Moderately mobile in soils
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic: Slightly mobile in soils

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment

Deltamethrin: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
Piperonyl butoxide: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
Solvent Naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Additional ecological information

No other effects to be mentioned.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

In accordance with current regulations and, if necessary, after consultation with the site operator and/or with the responsible authority, the product may be taken to a waste disposal site or incineration plant. Advice may be obtained from the local waste regulation authority (part of the Environment Agency in the UK).

Contaminated packaging

Small containers (< 10 l or < 10 kg) should be rinsed thoroughly using an integrated pressure rinsing device, or, by manually rinsing three times.
Add washings to sprayer at time of filling.
Dispose of empty and cleaned packaging safely.
Large containers (> 25 l or > 25 kg) should not be rinsed or re-used for any other purpose.
Return large containers to supplier.
Follow advice on product label and/or leaflet.

Waste key for the unused product

02 01 08* agrochemical waste containing hazardous substances

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

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14.1 UN number	1993
14.2 Proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (DELTAMETHRIN, SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) LIGHT AROMATIC SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES
Hazard no.	30
Tunnel Code	D/E

This classification is in principle not valid for carriage by tank vessel on inland waterways. Please refer to the manufacturer for further information.

IMDG

14.1 UN number	1993
14.2 Proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (DELTAMETHRIN, SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) LIGHT AROMATIC SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Marine pollutant	YES

IATA

14.1 UN number	1993
14.2 Proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (DELTAMETHRIN, SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) LIGHT AROMATIC SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	NO

UK 'Carriage' Regulations

14.1 UN number	1993
14.2 Proper shipping name	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (DELTAMETHRIN, SOLVENT NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM) LIGHT AROMATIC SOLUTION)
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3
14.4 Packing group	III
14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark	YES
Emergency action code	3Y

14.6 Special precautions for user

See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**



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UK and Northern Ireland Regulatory References

This material may be subject to some or all of the following regulations (and any subsequent amendments). Users must ensure that any uses and restrictions as indicated on the label and/or leaflet are followed.

Transport

Carriage of Dangerous Goods and Use of Transportable Pressure Equipment Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 1348)
Merchant Shipping (Dangerous Goods and Marine Pollutants) Regulations 1997 (SI 1997 No 2367)
Air Navigation Dangerous Goods Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2786)

Supply and Use

Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No 716)
Chemical (Hazard Information and Packaging for Supply) (Northern Ireland) Regulations 2009
Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (SI 2002 No 2677)
EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits - Table 1 List of approved workplace exposure limits
Control of Pesticide Regulations 1986
Dangerous Substances and Explosive Atmospheres Regulations 2002

Waste Treatment

Environmental Protection Act 1990, Part II
Environmental Protection (Duty of Care) Regulations 1991
The Waste Management Licensing Regulations 1994 (as amended)
Hazardous Waste Regulations 2005 (Replacing Special Waste Regulations 1996 as amended)
Landfill Directive
Regulation on Substances That Deplete the Ozone Layer 1994 (EEC/3093/94)
Water Resources Act 1991
Anti-Pollution Works Regulations 1999

Further information

WHO-classification: II (Moderately hazardous)

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Text of the hazard statements mentioned in Section 3

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



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Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute toxicity estimate
CAS-Nr.	Chemical Abstracts Service number
Conc.	Concentration
EC-No.	European community number
ECx	Effective concentration to x %
EH40 WEL	Worker Exposure Limit
EINECS	European inventory of existing commercial substances
ELINCS	European list of notified chemical substances
EN	European Standard
EU	European Union
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IBC	International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code)
ICx	Inhibition concentration to x %
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LCx	Lethal concentration to x %
LDx	Lethal dose to x %
LOEC/LOEL	Lowest observed effect concentration/level
MARPOL	MARPOL: International Convention for the prevention of marine pollution from ships
N.O.S.	Not otherwise specified
NOEC/NOEL	No observed effect concentration/level
OECD	Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development
RID	Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
SI	Statutory Instrument
TWA	Time weighted average
UN	United Nations
WHO	World health organisation

The above information is intended to give general health and safety guidance on the storage and transport of the product.

It is not intended to apply to the use of the product for which purposes the product label and any appropriate technical usage literature available should be consulted and any relevant licenses, consents or approvals complied with.

The requirements or recommendations of any relevant site or working procedure, system or policy in force or arising from any risk assessment involving the substance or product should take precedence over any of the guidance contained in this safety data sheet where there is a difference in the information given.

The information provided in this safety data sheet is accurate at the date of publication and will be updated as and when appropriate.

No liability will be accepted for any injury, loss or damage resulting from any failure to take account of information or advice contained in this safety data sheet.

Reason for Revision:	Safety Data Sheet according to Regulation (EU) No. 2015/830. The following sections have been revised: Section 2: Hazards Identification. Section 4: First Aid Measures. Section 8: Exposure Controls / Personal Protection. Section 11: Toxicological Information. Section 12. Ecological information.
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Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.
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SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006



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